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FIRST TOTAL SYNTHESIS OF (+)-CASSIOL. A POTENT ANTIULCEROGENIC COMPOUND

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Summary: The first total synthesis of (S)-(+)-Cassiol (2) is described.

Cassioside (<u>1</u>), isolated from aqueous extract of Cinnamoni Cortex (Cinnamonum cassia Blume; "Kannan Keihi" in Japanese)^{1a}, showed serotonininduced antiulcerogenic activity^{1b}. In this communication, we wish to report the first synthesis of cassiol (<u>2</u>), which inhibits the ulceration in rat more strongly than <u>1</u>, from the optically active keto ester <u>3</u>². The keto ester <u>3</u> was converted into the crotonate <u>4</u> in 66 % yield in 3 steps (ketalization and subsequent formation of carbon-carbon double bond in the side chain). The crotonate <u>4</u> was subjected to osmylation followed by NalO₄ oxidation to afford



(a) ethylene glycol, p-TsOH. PhH, rcflux; (b) PhSeBr, LiICA³, THF, -78°C; (c) 30 % H₂O₂ aq, CH₂Cl₂, 0°C; (d) OsO₄, Pyr, PhH, rt / then sat NaHSO₃ aq; (e) NaIO₄, Et₂O, rt; (f) NaBH₄, EtOH, 0°C; (g) ^t Bu Ph₂SiCl, imidazole, DMF; (h) p -TsOH, aq THF, reflux; (i) MeI, LDA, HMPA, THF, - 78°C; (j) TMSOTf, Et₃N, CH₂Cl₂, reflux; (k) PhSeCl, CH₂Cl₂, rt; (l) n-BuLi, THF, -50 \rightarrow -78°C / -78 \rightarrow 0°C; (m) PDC, CH₂Cl₂, rt; (n) 70 % HF-Pyr, Pyr-CH₃CN, 70 °C.

the corresponding aldehyde, which was reduced with NaBH₄ to give the alcohol $\underline{5}$ in 74 % overall yield. The alcohol $\underline{5}$ was subjected to silylation followed by deprotection of ketal to afford a ketone (78 % yield), which was monomethylated by usual manner to give the methyl ketone $\underline{6}$ (75 % yield). The methyl ketone $\underline{6}$ was treated sequentially⁴ with (1) TMSOTf/Et₃N (2) PhSeCl (3) 30 %-H₂O₂ aq. to afford the desired enone $\underline{7}$, $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -23.6^{\circ}$ (c 1.80, MeOH), in 89 % overall yield. Selective vinylation (1,2-addition) of $\underline{7}$ was achieved by the reaction with (*E*)-vinyllithium reagent which was generated by the transmetalation of $\underline{8}^5$ with n-BuLi to give the allylalcohol $\underline{9}$ in 94 % yield. Pyridinium dichromate mediated rearrangement of $\underline{9}$ proceeded at room temperature to afford the desired dienone $\underline{10}$ in 75 % yield (84.5 % yield based on recovered $\underline{9}$, $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -14.9^{\circ}$, c 1.42, MeOH). Finally, treatment of $\underline{10}$ with 70 % HF-pyridine complex in pyridine-acetonitrile at 70°C resulted in concominant deprotection of silyl and acetonide groups to give cassiol ($\underline{2}$) as an oil of more than 98 % optical purity⁶ ($[\alpha]_D^{28.5} = +8.63^{\circ}$, c 0.35, MeOH) in 72 % yield. Synthetic cassiol was completely identical with an authentic sample of $\underline{2}$ in all respects.

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References and notes

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(a) MeLi-LiBr, THF, rt ; (b) diacetoxyacetone, THF, -78℃ / MsCl, -78℃; (c) LAH, ether, -15℃

then Me₂C(OMe)₂, acetone, H₂SO₄ ; (d) n-Bu₄NF, THF, rt ; (e) n-Bu₃SnH, AIBN(trace), 80 °C

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